## Steps:

- 1. Fill the "b" and "m" columns with the correct values from each equation.
- 2. From the values in the "Slope" column, find values for the *run* and *rise* of each line and thus complete the table below.
- 3. On the graph paper supplied, start by placing a point on the *y*-axis at the location specified by the *y*-intercept.
- 4. From this point, first draw the run. Remember that the run is always drawn towards the right.
- 5. From the end of the run, draw the rise upwards if it is positive and downwards if it is negative.
- 6. Draw the line from edge to edge on the graph through the two points you have just found.
- 7. Beneath each of the graphs, neatly print the equation of the line.

#	Relation	b (y-intercept)	m (slope)	RUN Always do first. Always "+"	<b>RISE</b> "+" ⇒ up "-" ⇒ down
1	$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$				
2	$y = \frac{3}{4}x$				
3	$y = \frac{5}{2}x - 2$				
4	$y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 4$				
5	$y = -\frac{1}{5}x$				
6	y = x - 3				
7	$y = \frac{x}{2} + 1$				
8	y = 2x + 3				
9	y = -4x				
10	y = -3x + 5				
11	y = -x				
12	y = 3				

TO CHECK ANSWERS: If drawn correctly, your line will also pass through the point indicated below.

- 1. (3,3)
- 2. (4,3)
- 3. (-2,-7)
- 4. (-5,6)
- 5. (-5,1)
- 6. (3,0)

- 7. (6,4)
- 8. (-3,-3)
- 9. (-2,8)
- 10. (3,–4)
- 11. (-4,4)
- 12. (6,3)