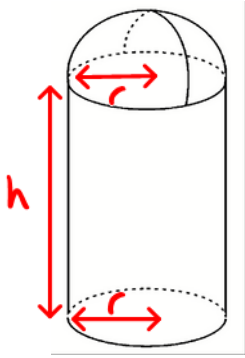


Storage Capacity of a Silo SOLUTIONS

A)



holds 21,000T of corn

B) Volume of corn → convert to m³

$$21,000T \times \frac{1000kg}{1T} = 21,000,000kg$$

$$21,000,000kg \times \frac{1m^3}{700kg} = 30,000m^3 \text{ of corn}$$

C & D) skip

E) SA = Cylinder lateral surface + hemisphere (1/2 sphere)

$$= 2\pi rh + \frac{4\pi r^2}{2}$$

* divide by 2

$$SA = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2$$

h = 2r

$$SA = 2\pi r(2r) + 2\pi r^2$$

$$SA = 4\pi r^2 + 2\pi r^2$$

$$SA = 6\pi r^2$$

$$SA = 6\pi(15.3)^2$$

$$SA = 4,412.5m^2$$

F) Building cost

$$4,412.5m^2 \times \frac{\$8}{m^2}$$

$$\$35,299.94$$

9.5 Maximizing the Volume of a Cylinder

The maximum volume for a cylinder, with a fixed surface area, occurs when its height equals its diameter. $h = d$ or $h = 2r$

When volume is maximized the surface area can be found using the formula $SA = 6\pi r^2$ and the height will be twice the value of the radius r or $2r$.

9.6 Minimizing the Surface Area of a Cylinder

The minimum surface area for a cylinder, with a fixed volume, occurs when its height equals its diameter, that is $h = d$ or $h = 2r$.

When surface area is minimized the volume can be found using $V = 2\pi r^3$ and the height will be twice the value of the radius or $2r$.

$$V = V_{\text{cylinder}} + V_{\text{hemisphere}}$$

$$30,000 = 2\pi r^3 + \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$$

↑
calculated
in part B)

* divide by 2
(1/2 sphere)

$$\frac{30,000}{2} = \frac{2\pi r^3 + \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}}{2}$$

$$30,000 = 2\pi r^3 + \frac{2}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$30,000 = \frac{8}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{30,000}{\frac{8}{3}\pi} = \frac{\frac{8}{3}\pi r^3}{\frac{8}{3}\pi}$$

$$3,580.98 = r^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{3580.98} = r$$

* cube root

r = 15.3m

$$h = 2r = 2(15.3)$$

h = 30.6m

G) Paint cost

$$4412.5 \text{ m}^2 \times \frac{1 \text{ can}}{40 \text{ m}^2} = 110.31 \text{ cans} = 111 \text{ cans}$$

*round up, cant have 1/2 a can

$$111 \text{ cans} \times \frac{\$35}{\text{can}} = \$3885$$

H) Cost to fill the silo with corn

$$21,000 \text{ T} \times \frac{\$140}{\text{T}} = \$2,940,000$$

I) Total cost

$$\begin{aligned} C_{\text{Total}} &= \text{Building Cost} + \text{Paint cost} + \text{Cost to fill silo with corn} \\ &= 35,299.94 + 3885 + 2,940,000 \\ &= \$2,979,184.94 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{\text{cylinder}} &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi (15.3)^2 (30.6) \\ &= 22,503.7 \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$V_{\text{sphere}} = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$$

$$V_{\text{hemisphere}} = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$$

*divide by 2

$$\begin{aligned} V_{\text{hemisphere}} &= \frac{2}{3} \pi r^3 \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \pi (15.3)^3 \\ &= 7,501.2 \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$V_{\text{Total}} = 22,503.7 + 7,501.2$$

$$V_{\text{Total}} = 30,004.9 \text{ m}^3$$

Yay, the volume matches from part B) 😊

*this is a check, don't actually need it

Investigation

Mystery of the Pyramids

22. Jeremy is creating a piece of art for an exhibit. He starts with a square-based right pyramid, as shown. He makes a cut parallel to the base through the midpoints of the lateral edges. Then, he removes the top of the pyramid.

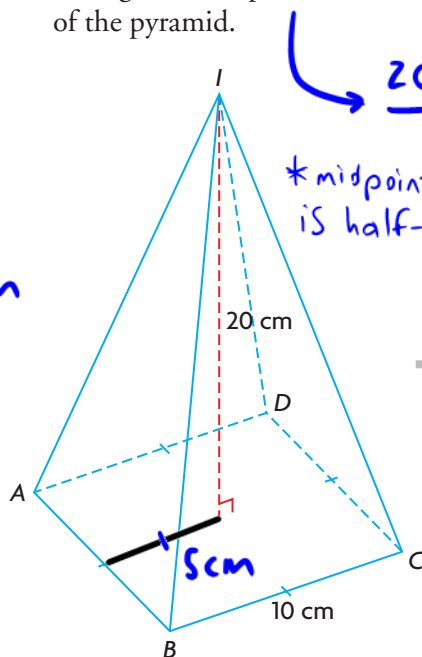
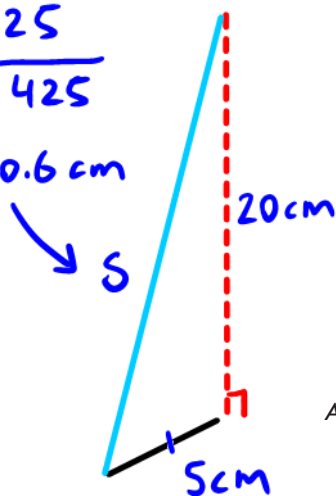
$$s^2 = 20^2 + 5^2$$

$$s^2 = 400 + 25$$

$$s^2 = 425$$

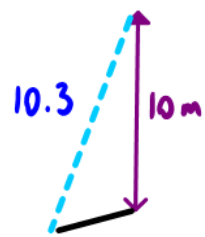
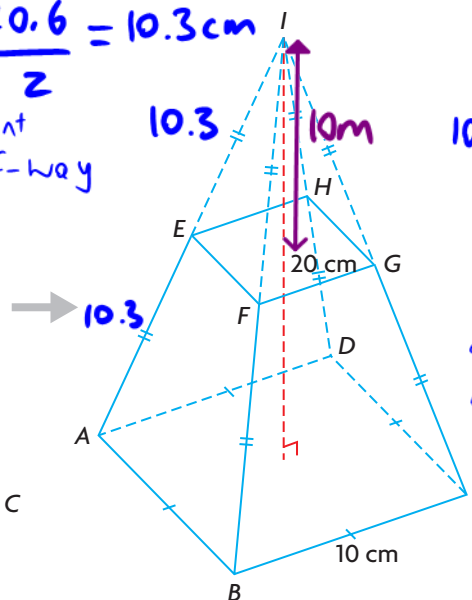
$$s = \sqrt{425}$$

$$s = 20.6 \text{ cm}$$



$$\frac{20.6}{2} = 10.3 \text{ cm}$$

* midpoint is half-way



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$a^2 + 10^2 = 10.3^2$$

$$a^2 = 10.3^2 - 10^2$$

$$a^2 = 6.09$$

$$a = \sqrt{6.09}$$

$$a = 2.467 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 2.467 \times 2$$

$$b = 4.934$$

- Determine the volume of the original pyramid.
- Determine what volume of the pyramid was removed.
- In terms of volume, what fraction of the original pyramid was removed?
- Investigate whether this fraction would be the same if the original pyramid had a rectangular base.

$$a) V_{\text{pyramid}} = \frac{b^2 h}{3} = \frac{(10)^2 (20)}{3} = 666.\overline{6} \text{ cm}^3$$

$$b) V_{\text{removed pyramid}} = \frac{b^2 h}{3} = \frac{(4.934)^2 (10)}{3} = 81.147 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$c) \text{ Ratio} \rightarrow \frac{V_{\text{removed pyramid}}}{V_{\text{pyramid}}} = \frac{81.147}{666.66} = 0.12$$