

The perimeter is about 32.0 cm, and the area is about 43.1 cm^2 .

b)

$$12^{2} = 6^{2} + a^{2}$$

$$144 = 36 + a^{2}$$

$$144 - 36 = 36 + a^{2} - 36$$

$$108 = a^{2}$$

$$\sqrt{108} = \sqrt{a^{2}}$$

$$10.39 \doteq a$$

$$P = 10.39 + 12 + 6$$

$$\doteq 28.4$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 10.39$$

$$\doteq 31.2$$



The perimeter is about 28.4 m, and the area is about 31.2 m^2 .

Question 2 Page 470

$$6^{2} = 2^{2} + a^{2}$$

$$36 = 4 + a^{2}$$

$$36 - 4 = 4 + a^{2} - 4$$

$$32 = a^{2}$$

$$\sqrt{32} = \sqrt{a^{2}}$$

$$5.7 \doteq a$$

The ladder reaches approximately 5.7 m up the wall.

Chapter 8 Review Question 3 Page 470



The perimeter is 28 m, and the area is 48 m^2 .

$$s = \frac{1}{2}\pi d$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\pi \times 8$$

$$= 12.57$$

$$P = 12.57 + 10 + 10$$

$$= 32.6$$

$$h^{2} + 4^{2} = 10^{2}$$

$$h^{2} + 16 = 100$$

$$h^{2} = 100 - 16$$

$$h^{2} = 84$$

$$h = \sqrt{84}$$

$$h = 9.17$$

$$A = A_{\text{triangle}} + A_{\text{semicircle}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 9.17 + \frac{1}{2}\pi \times 4^{2}$$

$$= 61.8$$

The perimeter is about 32.6 cm, and the area is about 61.8 cm^2 .

Chapter 8 Review

Question 4 Page 470

a) $d = 100 + 100 + \pi \times 64$ = 401.1

Tyler runs about 401.1 m.

b) $d = 100 + 100 + \pi \times 84$ = 463.9

Dylan runs about 463.9 m.

c) Dylan runs 463.9 – 401.1, or 62.8 m farther than Tyler.



100 m

64 m

84 m

b)

Question 5 Page 470

a)
$$SA = 2A_{\text{bottom}} + 2A_{\text{sides}} + 2A_{\text{front}}$$

= $2(5 \times 4) + 2(10 \times 4) + 2(10 \times 5)$
= $40 + 80 + 100$
= 220

The surface area is 220 cm^2 .



b)

$$s^{2} = 115^{2} + 147^{2}$$

 $s^{2} = 13\ 225 + 21\ 609$
 $s^{2} = 34\ 834$
 $s = \sqrt{34\ 834}$
 $s \doteq 186.6$

$$SA = A_{\text{base}} + 4A_{\text{triangle}}$$

= 230 × 230 + 4 $\left(\frac{1}{2}$ × 230 × 186.6 $\right)$
= 52 900 + 85 836
= 138 736

The surface area is about 138 736 m^2 .

Question 6 Page 471

a)
$$V = A_{\text{base}} \times h$$
$$= \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 280 \times 150\right) \times 310$$
$$= 6510\ 000$$

The volume of the tent is $6510\ 000\ \text{cm}^3$.

b)

$$c^{2} = 140^{2} + 150^{2}$$

 $c^{2} = 19\ 600 + 22\ 500$
 $c^{2} = 42\ 100$
 $c = \sqrt{42\ 100}$
 $c \doteq 205.2$

$$SA = A_{\text{bottom}} + 2A_{\text{sides}} + 2A_{\text{front}}$$

= 280 × 310 + 2 × 205.2 × 310 + 2 $\left(\frac{1}{2}$ × 280 × 150 $\right)$
= 86 800 + 127 224 + 42 000
= 256 024

The amount of nylon required to make the tent is $256\ 024\ cm^2$.

c) Answers will vary. A sample answer is shown.

Assume that the side walls of the tent are flat.

d) Answers will vary. A sample answer is shown.

The answer is fairly reasonable. When erecting a tent, you want the side walls to be as flat and stretched as possible.

| Chapter 8 Review $500 \text{ mL} = 500 \text{ cm}^3$ | Question 7 | Page 471 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| $V = \pi r^2 h$ | | |
| $500 = \pi \times 4^2 \times h$ | | |
| $500 = 16\pi h$ | | |
| $\frac{500}{16} = \frac{16\pi h}{16}$ | | |
| 16π 16π | | |
| $\frac{300}{16\pi} = h$ $9.9 \doteq h$ | The height of the can i | s 9.9 cm. |





The surface area is approximately 283 cm².



The surface area is about 1458 cm^2 .



The radius is approximately 3.1 cm.

Chapter 8 Review

Question 11 Page 471

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$
$$= \frac{1}{3}\pi \times 8^2 \times 10$$
$$\doteq 670$$

The volume of the cone is approximately 670 cm³. The volume of the cone is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the volume of the cylinder.

Chapter 8 Review Question 12 Page 471

 $SA = 4\pi r^2$ $= 4\pi \times 10.9^2$ $\doteq 1493.0$

The amount of leather required to cover the volleyball is approximately 1493.0 cm².

Question 13 Page 471

a)
$$SA = \frac{1}{2} (4\pi r^2)$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 4\pi \times 6400^2$$
$$\doteq 257\ 359\ 270$$

The area of the Northern Hemisphere is approximately 257 359 270 km².

b) Answers will vary. A sample answer is shown.

Assume that the Earth is a sphere.

c) The fraction of the Northern Hemisphere that Canada covers is $\frac{9\,970\,610}{257\,359\,270}$, or about 0.04. This is about $\frac{1}{25}$ of the Northern Hemisphere.

Chapter 8 Review

Question 14 Page 471

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$
$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 11.15^3$$
$$\doteq 5806.5$$

The volume of the soccer ball is approximately 5806.5 cm³.

Chapter 8 Review Question 15 Page 471

- a) Answers will vary. A possible estimate is 5200 cm³.
- **b**) $V_{\text{emptyspace}} = V_{\text{box}} V_{\text{ball}}$ = 22.3³ - 5806.5 = 5283.07
- c) Answers will vary. The estimate in part a) was close to the correct answer.

Chapter 8 Chapter Test

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 1 Page 472

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$
$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 3^3$$
$$= 113$$

The volume of the sphere is approximately 113 cm³. Answer C.

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 2 Page 472

$$A = A_{\text{trapezoid}} - A_{\text{semicircle}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times (10 + 5) - \frac{1}{2} \pi \times 2.5^{2}$$
$$\doteq 43$$

The area of the figure is approximately 43 cm^2 . Answer A.

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 3 Page 472

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$
$$= \pi \times 3.75^2 \times 1.4$$
$$\doteq 61.850$$

The volume of the water is approximately 61.850 m³, or 61 850 L. Answer A.

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 4 Page 472

$$s^{2} = 15^{2} + 15^{2}$$

 $s^{2} = 225 + 225$
 $s^{2} = 450$
 $s = \sqrt{450}$
 $s \doteq 21.2$

Lateral Area = πrs

$$= \pi \times 15 \times 21.2$$
$$\doteq 999$$

The amount of plastic sheeting required is approximately 999 m². Answer D.

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Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 5 Page 472



The length of the unknown side is approximately 5.0 mm. Answer B.

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 6 Page 472

a)
$$V = \frac{1}{3}A_{\text{base}} \times h$$
$$= \frac{1}{3} \times 8^2 \times 10$$
$$\doteq 213$$



The amount of wax required is approximately 213 cm³.

b)

$$s^{2} = 4^{2} + 10^{2}$$

 $s^{2} = 16 + 100$
 $s^{2} = 116$
 $s = \sqrt{116}$
 $s = 10.77$
 $SA = A_{\text{base}} + 4A_{\text{triangle}}$
 $= 8 \times 8 + 4 \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 10.77\right)$
 $= 64 + 172.32$
 $\doteq 236.3$

The area of plastic wrap needed is about 236.3 cm², assuming no overlap.

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 7 Page 472

Answers will vary. A sample answer is shown.

Assume that the paper towels are stacked in three columns with two rolls in each column. Then, the dimensions of the carton would be 10 cm by 30 cm by 56 cm.

$$SA = 2A_{\text{bottom}} + 2A_{\text{sides}} + 2A_{\text{front}}$$

= 2(10×30) + 2(56×30) + 2(10×56)
= 600 + 3360 + 1120
= 5080

The area of cardboard needed is 5080 cm^2 .

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 8 Page 472

Doubling the radius of a sphere will increase the volume eight times. Doubling the radius of a cylinder will quadruple the volume.

Sphere:

Cylinder:

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 1^{3}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi$$

$$V = \pi r^{2}h$$

$$= \pi$$

$$V = \pi r^{2}h$$

$$= \pi$$

$$V = \pi r^{2}h$$

$$= \pi \times 2^{2} \times 1$$

$$= 4\pi$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 2^{3}$$

$$= 8 \times \frac{4}{3}\pi$$

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 9 Page 472

 $s^{2} = 8^{2} + 10^{2}$ $s^{2} = 64 + 100$ $s^{2} = 164$ $s = \sqrt{164}$ $s \doteq 12.8$ 10 cm

$$SA = \pi rs + \pi r^{2}$$
$$= \pi \times 8 \times 12.8 + \pi \times 8^{2}$$
$$\doteq 523$$

The surface area of the cone is about 523 cm^2 .



The volume of the pile is approximately 1047 m^3 .

Chapter 8 Chapter Test Question 11 Page 473

a) $V = \pi r^2 h$ $= \pi \times 4.2^2 \times 25.2$ $\doteq 1396.5$

The volume of the can is approximately 1396.5 cm^3 .

b) $SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$ = $2\pi \times 4.2^2 + 2\pi \times 4.2 \times 25.2$ = 776



The amount of aluminum required to make the can is approximately 776 cm^2 .

c) $A = \pi r^2$ = $\pi \times 4.2^2$ $\doteq 55$

The amount of plastic required for the lid is approximately 55 cm^2 .

d) Answers will vary. A sample answer is shown.

Assume that the circular lid covers the top of the cylindrical can with no side parts.

Chapter 8 Chapter Test

Question 12 Page 473

a) $V_{\text{emptyspace}} = V_{\text{can}} - V_{\text{balls}}$ = $1396.5 - 3\left(\frac{4}{3}\pi \times 4.2^3\right)$ = 465.5

The empty space in each can is approximately 465.5 cm^3 .

b)





c)
$$V_{\text{emptyspace}} = V_{\text{box}} - V_{\text{cans}} + V_{\text{empty space in cans}}$$

= 25.2 × 25.2 × 33.6 - 12(1396.5) + 12(465.5)
 \doteq 10 165.3

The total empty space is about 10 165.3 cm³.

d) $SA = 4(33.6 \times 25.2) + 2(25.2 \times 25.2)$ = 4657

The area of cardboard needed to make the box is about 4657 cm^2 .