

**PRECISION, ERROR, & ACCURACY**

- A student measures the acceleration due to gravity and finds it to be  $9.72 \text{ m/s}^2$ . What is his percentage error (or percentage deviation), if the accepted value is  $9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ ?
- When determining Planck's constant, a student's measurements produce values of  $5.78 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}$  &  $7.29 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}$ . If the accepted value is  $6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}$ , what is
  - the percentage difference for the measured values?
  - the percentage error for each value?

**ROUNDING, SCIENTIFIC NOTATION, & SIGNIFICANT DIGITS**

- State the number of significant digits in each of the following.
 

(a) 908	(b) 70.600	(c) 0.0050
(d) 0.010	(e) 760	(f) 0.000 000 000 69
- Express each of the following in scientific notation.
 

(a) 6807	(b) 0.000 053	(c) 5200
(d) 0.000 000 000 813	(e) 6.8	(f) 4 000 000 000
- Express each of the following in common notation.
 

(a) $7 \times 10^1$	(b) $5.2 \times 10^3$	(c) $8.3 \times 10^9$
(d) $10.1 \times 10^{-2}$	(e) $6.3868 \times 10^3$	(f) $4.086 \times 10^{-3}$
- Perform the following mathematical operations, expressing the answers to the correct number of significant digits.
 

(a) $463.66 + 29.2 + 0.17$	(b) $426.66 - 39.2$	(c) $(2.6)(42.2)$
(d) $(65)(0.041)(325)$	(e) $(0.0060)(26)(55.1)$	(f) $650 \div 4.0$
(g) $0.452 \div 0.012$	(h) $3.5^2$	(i) $\sqrt{4.9}$
- If a gold atom is considered to be a cube with sides  $2.5 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}$ , how many gold atoms could stack on top of one another in a piece of gold foil with a thickness of  $1.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$ ?
- On the average,  $1.0 \text{ kg}$  of aluminum consists of  $2.2 \times 10^{25}$  atoms. How many atoms would there be in a block of aluminum with a mass of  $653 \text{ g}$ .
- There are approximately  $1.0 \times 10^{11}$  stars in our galaxy. If the average mass of a star and its planets is  $2.0 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$ , what is the approximate mass of our galaxy?
- Electric current flows through a conductor at a rate of  $2.50 \text{ C/s}$ . If a coulomb is composed of  $6.24 \times 10^{18}$  electrons, how many electrons will flow through the conductor in  $10.0 \text{ min}$ ?

**ANSWERS**

- |                            |                             |                                     |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. 0.917%                  | 5. (a) 70                   | 7. $4.0 \times 10^1$ atoms          |
|                            | (b) 5200                    |                                     |
| 2. (a) 23.1%               | (c) 8 300 000 000           | 8. $1.4 \times 10^{25}$ atoms       |
| (b) 12.8%, 9.95%           | (d) 0.101                   |                                     |
|                            | (e) 6386.8                  | 9. $2.0 \times 10^{41} \text{ kg}$  |
| 3. (a) 3 (b) 5             | (f) 0.004 086               |                                     |
| (c) 2 (d) 2                |                             | 10. $9.36 \times 10^{21}$ electrons |
| (e) 2 (f) 2                | 6. (a) 493.0                |                                     |
|                            | (b) 387.5                   |                                     |
| 4. (a) $6.807 \times 10^3$ | (c) $1.1 \times 10^2$ (110) |                                     |
| (b) $5.3 \times 10^{-5}$   | (d) $8.7 \times 10^2$ (870) |                                     |
| (c) $5.2 \times 10^3$      | (e) 8.6                     |                                     |
| (d) $8.13 \times 10^{-10}$ | (f) $1.6 \times 10^2$ (160) |                                     |
| (e) $6.8 \times 10^0$      | (g) 38                      |                                     |
| (f) $4 \times 10^9$        | (h) 12                      |                                     |
|                            | (i) 2.2                     |                                     |